

The objective of this homework is to test your understanding of the content of Module 5. Due date of the homework is: **Thursday, March 5rd, 2020, at 1.00pm.**

You have to upload a scanned version of your solutions on Blackboard. If you don't have a scanner around you, you can use Cam Scanner—a mobile app that scans images in a neat way, as if they're scanned through a copier. Here's the link for Cam Scanner: <https://www.camscanner.com/user/download>.

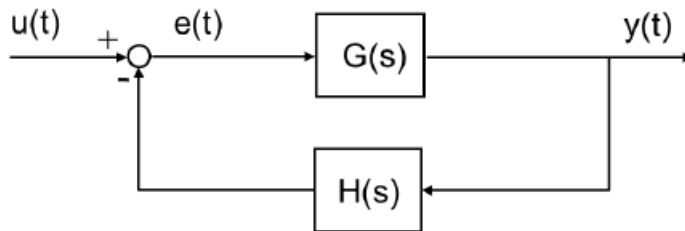


Figure 1: Feedback control system.

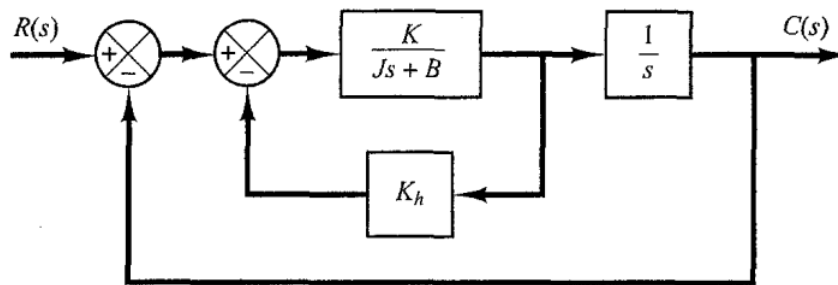


Figure 2: Servo system.

1. For a standard second order system given by this transfer function:

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2},$$

where  $\zeta = 0.6$  and  $\omega_n = 5$ . Answer the following questions.

- (a) Find the: rise time, peak time, maximum overshoot, and settling time (the two criterion we discussed in class) if the system input is a unit step function.
  - (b) Show a plot of how  $t_r$ ,  $t_p$ , and  $M_p$  all vary with respect to different values of  $\zeta$  and  $\omega_n$ . Ideally, you should do that on MATLAB.
2. For the system shown in Figure 1, assume that  $G(s) = \frac{-K}{s + 10}$  and  $H(s) = 1$ . Answer the following questions:
    - (a) Find the closed-loop transfer function  $Y(s)/U(s)$  and its pole (or poles).

- (b) What is the range of the constant  $K$  so that the closed-loop system is stable?
- (c) Suppose  $K = 5$ . What is the time constant of the closed-loop transfer function (as a first order system)?
- (d) What is the steady-state tracking error  $e(\infty) = u(\infty) - y(\infty)$  under the input a unit step input  $u(t)$ ?
3. For the system given in Figure 2, answer the following questions.
- (a) Obtain the transfer function  $C(s)/R(s)$  in terms of constants  $K, J, B, K_h$ , and then write this system as a standard second order system as the transfer function given in Problem 1.
- (b) Determine the values of gain  $K$  and  $K_h$  so that  $M_p$  (the maximum overshoot) for a unit step response is equal to 0.2, and  $t_p$  (the peak time) is 1 second. Assume that  $J = 1$  and  $B = 1$ .
- (c) With the above, now-obtained values for  $K$  and  $K_h$ , obtain the rise-time and settling time.
4. For the transfer functions below
- $$T(s) = \frac{4}{s^2 + 2s + 4}$$
- find  $\zeta, \omega_n$ , settling time (2% and 5% of its final value), peak time, rise time, and percent overshoot.
5. Below is a mass-spring-damper system with  $K = 28 \frac{N}{m}$ ,  $D = 5 \frac{Ns}{m}$ , and  $M = 5 \text{ kg}$  (see Fig. 3)

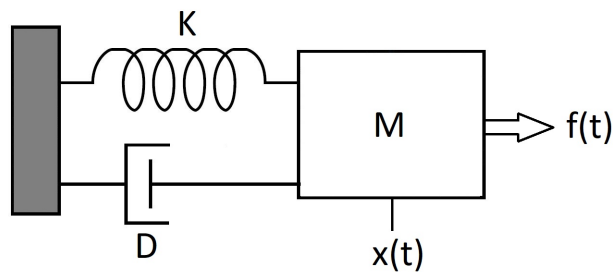


Figure 3: A mass-spring-damper system.

Find its  $\zeta, \omega_n$ , settling time (2% and 5% of its final value), peak time, rise time, and percent overshoot where  $x(t)$  is the center position of the mass and  $f(t)$  is the force applied to the mass.

6. A system has a step response depicted in Fig. 4. Find its transfer function.

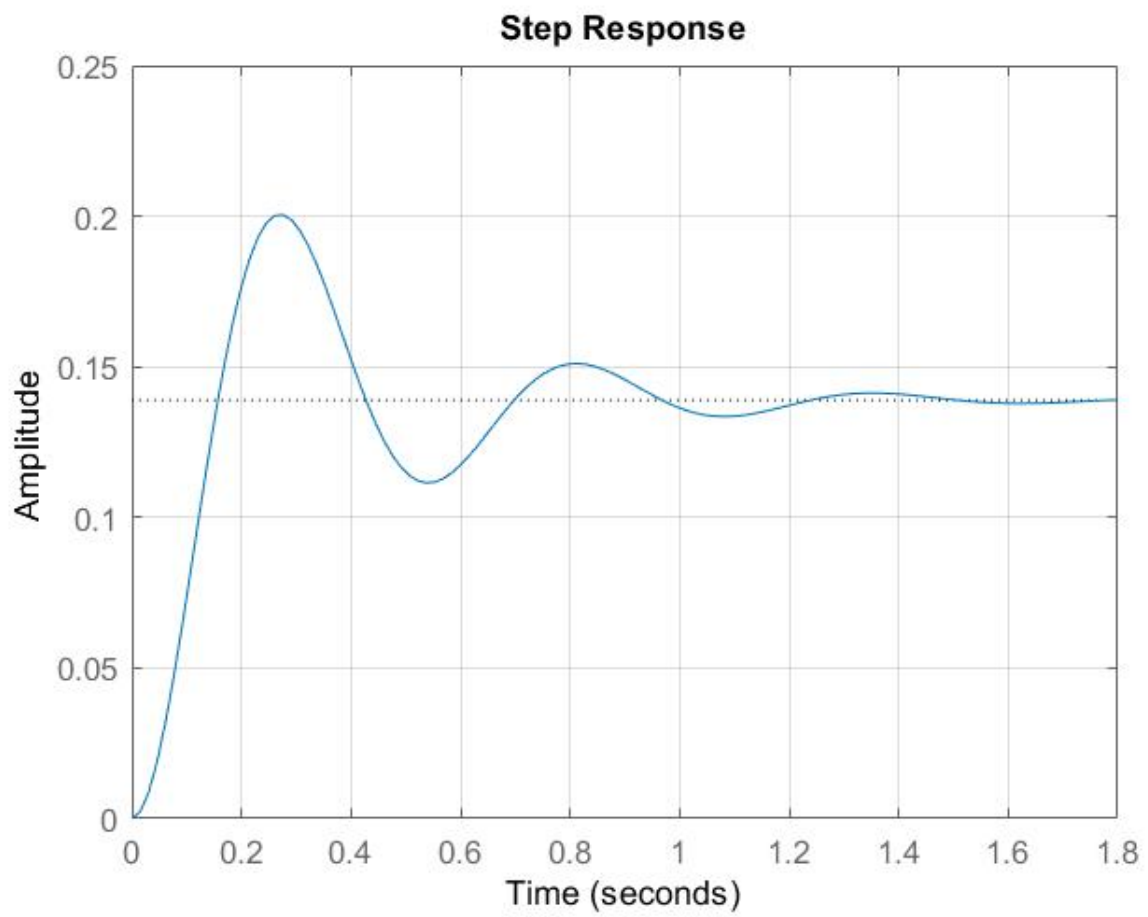


Figure 4: Step response.